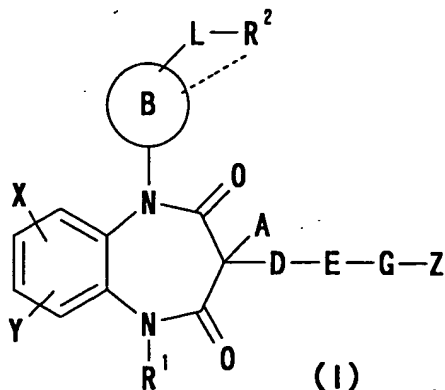


## Abstract

A compound represented by the formula (I)



[wherein ring B represents a cyclic hydrocarbon group which  
 5 may have substituent(s); Z represents hydrogen atom or a  
 cyclic group which may have substituent(s); R<sup>1</sup> represents  
 hydrogen atom, a hydrocarbon group which may have  
 substituent(s), a heterocyclic group which may have  
 substituent(s) or an acyl group; R<sup>2</sup> represents amino group  
 10 which may have substituent(s); D represents a bond or a  
 divalent group; E represents a bond, -CO-, -CON(R<sup>a</sup>)-, -COO-,  
 -N(R<sup>a</sup>)CON(R<sup>b</sup>)-, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)COO-, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>-, -N(R<sup>a</sup>)-, -O-, -S-,  
 -SO- or -SO<sub>2</sub>- (R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> each independently represents  
 hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group which may have  
 15 substituent(s)); G represents a bond or a divalent group;  
 L represents a bond or a divalent group; A represents hydrogen  
 atom or a substituent; X and Y each represents hydrogen atom  
 or an independent substituent; and ..... represents that  
 R<sup>2</sup> and an atom on ring B may form a ring] or a salt thereof,  
 20 and a process for producing the same.